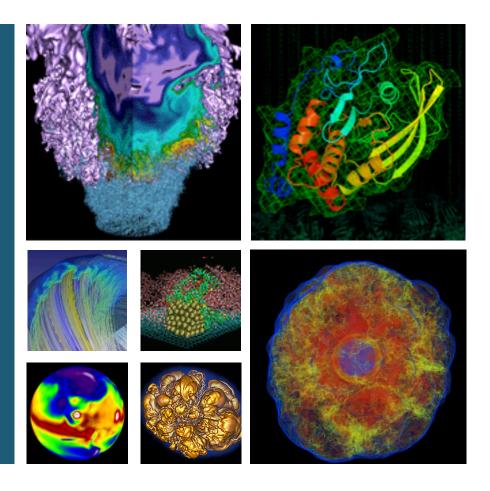
Computing Environment







New User Training August 13, 2015





Node Types



Login nodes

- Shared with other users
- Code compilation, job preparation and submission

MOM nodes (Cray machines)

- Shared with other users
- Where batch script executes
- Will go away when we transition to SLURM

Compute nodes

Not shared (except serial queues)





Login Node Configuration



Edison

- Twelve nodes
 - 16 cores, 2.0 GHz Intel Sandy Bridge, 512 GB

Hopper

- Eight nodes
 - 16 cores, 2.4 GHz AMD Opteron, 128GB
- Four nodes
 - 32 cores, 2.0 GHz AMD Opteron, 128GB

Genepool

- Four nodes
 - 8 cores, 2.3 GHz Intel Sandy Bridge, 32 GB

PDSF

- Three nodes
 - 16 cores, 2.6 GHz Intel Sandy Bridge, 125 GB





Login Node Access



Connect (via ssh) to load balancer

```
% ssh edison.nersc.gov
% ssh hopper.nersc.gov
% ssh genepool.nersc.gov
% ssh pdsf.nersc.gov
```

Load balancer selects login node based on:

- Number of connections
- Memory of previous connections from same IP





Login Node Usage



- Login nodes are shared by many users, all the time
- Edit files, compile programs, submit batch jobs
- Some post-processing/data analysis
 - IDL, MATLAB, NCL, python, etc.
- Some file transfers
 - Use data transfer nodes for large/long-running transfers
- Please use discretion
 - All users get frustrated by sluggish interactive response





Login Node Guidelines



- Use no more than 50% of available cores
- Use no more than 25% of available memory
- Limit use of parallel "make"
 - % make -j 4 all
- NERSC will kill user processes if login nodes become unacceptably slow or unresponsive
- Terminate idle sessions of licensed software
 - IDL
 - MATLAB
 - Mathematica





Shell Initialization Files



Standard dot files are maintained by NERSC

- .bashrc, .profile, .cshrc, .login, etc.
- Symbolic links to read-only files

Personal dot files

- Aliases, environment variables, modules, etc.
- Use .ext suffix (".ext files") .bashrc.ext, etc.
- Broken? Use "fixdots" to start over
 - Creates \$HOME/KeepDots.<timestamp>
 - Restores all dot files to default state
 - If PATH corrupted:
 /usr/common/usg/bin/fixdots
- Use NIM to change default login shell





NERSC Supported Software



NERSC provides a wide range of software

- Scientific Applications
 - VASP, Amber, NAMD, ABySS, ...
- Compilers
 - Intel, GCC, PGI, Cray
- Scripting Languages
 - perl, python, R including common packages for each
- Software Libraries (some maintained by Cray)
 - blas/lapack (MKL), boost, hdf5, netcdf, ...
- Development utilities
 - git, mercurial, cmake, ...
- Debuggers and Profilers
 - CrayPat, DDT, TotalView, gdb, MAP, darshan, IPM, VTune
- Visualization
 - Visit, ParaView, VMD, ...

See complete list

http://www.nersc.gov/users/software/





Software is Managed by Modules



- Identify the software you need
 - Use the NERSC website

http://www.nersc.gov/users/software/

- Use module avail
 - Lots of output
 - All module output goes to stderr, not stdout
 - Each system has different modules!
- Load the module
 - % which idl
 - idl: Command not found.
 - % module load idl
 - % which idl

/usr/common/usg/idl/idl82/bin/idl





Loading Modules



Different module for each version of software

- Syntax: <name>/<version>
- Default provided if no <version> supplied
- % module avail idl
- id1/7.1 id1/8.0 id1/8.2 (default)
- % module load idl/7.1

Load modules in every batch script

- Ensure correct run-time environment
- Self-documenting for troubleshooting and reproducibility





Other Useful Module Commands



module unload <modulename>

Remove the module from your environment

module swap <module1> <module2>

Unload one module and replace it with another module swap pgi gcc

module list

See what modules you have loaded right now

module show <modulename>

See what the module actually does

module help <modulename>

Get more information about the software





Default Modules



- When you login, many default modules are loaded automatically
 - Usually foundational modules which are required to get proper function from the system
 - Build environment, required libraries and applications, batch environment
 - Use caution in unloading these
- Swapping to functionally equivalent module may be OK hopper% module swap PrgEnv-pgi PrgEnv-gnu
- Each NERSC system has different default modules





Types of Modules



Applications

- VASP, amber, blast, ...
- Usually only set PATH, LD LIBRARY PATH

Libraries

- Set LD LIBRARY PATH
 - but probably not on Crays
- Set "helper" environment variable for building software
 - Header/include file search paths
 - Library search paths
 - Library names
 - % module load hdf5
 - % mpicc mycode.f \$HDF5





Cray Programming Environment



Compiler specific

PrgEnv-pgi, PrgEnv-intel, PrgEnv-cray, PrgEnv-gnu

Intel is default on Edison, PGI is default on Hopper

Meta-modules

- Organize a set of modules
 - Compiler (intel, pgi, cray, gnu)
 - Libraries (including MPI) tuned for compiler

Swapping Programming Environments

module swap PrgEnv-pgi PrgEnv-intel

- swaps compiler
- no need to swap libraries!





Compiler Wrappers



On Hopper / Edison:

- Defined by PrgEnv-* modules
- ftn (fortran), cc (C), CC (C++)
- Provides include header and library search paths for MPI,
 common math libraries (e.g., Cray libsci), Cray system software
- Provides consistent level of optimization across compilers

Seldom need native compilers!





CHOS Environment



Provides different OS environments

- Often different third-party software
 - Some software packages have specific OS requirements
 - Possibly due to validation requirements
- Used on Genepool, PDSF, and Carver (retires in September 2015)
- Transparent
 - Default configuration for most users
 - Alternate configurations for some users
- Details on website

http://www.nersc.gov/users/computational-systems/carver/user-environment/ http://www.nersc.gov/users/computational-systems/pdsf/software-and-tools/chos/





Resources



- http://www.nersc.gov/users/software/nersc-userenvironment/
- http://www.nersc.gov/users/software/nersc-userenvironment/modules/
- http://www.nersc.gov/users/computational-systems/edison/programming
- /http://www.nersc.gov/users/computational-systems/
 hopper/programming/
- http://www.nersc.gov/users/computational-systems/carver/programming/







Thank you.



